

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Bense & Eicke TIGER Black Leather Dye

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Dye

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Bense & Eicke GmbH & Co. KG
Edemisser Dorfstr. 25
37574 Einbeck
Tel.: +49 (0) 5561 31999-0
Fax: +49 (0) 5561 31999-20
Email: info@bense-eicke.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (BEC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq.	2	H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.
 P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
 P403+P233-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405-Store locked up.
 P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ethyl acetate

Propan-2-ol

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Ethyl acetate	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	607-022-00-5
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	205-500-4
CAS	141-78-6
content %	60-80
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Propan-2-ol	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-117-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-661-7
CAS	67-63-0
content %	10-30
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

n-butyl acetate	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119485493-29-XXXX
Index	607-025-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	204-658-1
CAS	123-86-4
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336

Ethanol	Substance with specific conc. limit(s) acc. to REACH-registration
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-002-00-5
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-578-6
CAS	64-17-5
content %	1-5

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 Bense & Eicke TIGER Black Leather Dye

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Butan-1-ol	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-004-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-751-6
CAS	71-36-3
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
 The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
 For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
 Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
 Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
 If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.
 Respiratory arrest - Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Unsuitable cleaning product:

Solvent
 Thinners

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
 Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
 Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
 In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
 If solvent components are inhaled above the air threshold-value:

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Coughing

Headaches

Dizziness

Effects/damages the central nervous system

Coordination disorders

Unconsciousness

With long-term contact:

Product removes fat.

Drying of the skin.

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Skin resorption

Ingestion:

Nausea

Vomiting

Effects/damages the central nervous system

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO₂

Exinction powder

Water jet spray

Alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic gases

Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Use no flammable substances.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.

Ensure good ventilation.

If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
 Store product closed and only in original packing.
 Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
 Observe special storage conditions.
 Protect from direct sunlight and warming.
 Store in a well ventilated place.
 Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Chemical Name	Ethyl acetate	Content %:60-80
WEL-TWA: 200 ppm (734 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 400 ppm (1468 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draeger - Ethyl Acetate 200/a (CH 20 201) - Compur - KITA-111 SA (549 160) - Compur - KITA-111 U(C) (549 178) - DFG Meth. Nr. 1 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 2), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 2) - 1993, 2002 - DFG Meth. Nr. 2 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 3), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 3) - 2014, 2002 - DFG Meth. Nr. 6 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 4), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 4) - 2014, 2002 - NIOSH 1457 (ETHYL ACETATE) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Propan-2-ol	Content %:10-30
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (999 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (1250 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a i-Propanol (81 01 631) - Compur - KITA-122 SA(C) (549 277) - Compur - KITA-150 U (550 382) - DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 6) - 2013, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 66-3 (2004) - NIOSH 1400 (ALCOHOLS I) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701) 	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	n-butyl acetate	Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 150 ppm (724 mg/m3) (WEL), 50 ppm (241 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 200 ppm (966 mg/m3) (WEL), 150 ppm (723 mg/m3) (EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Compur - KITA-138 U (548 857) - Compur - KITA-139 SB(C) (549 731) - NIOSH 1450 (ESTERS 1) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - OSHA 1009 (n-Butyl Acetate Isobutyl Acetate sec-Butyl Acetate tert-Butyl Acetate) - 2007 	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Ethanol	Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a Ethanol (81 01 631) - Compur - KITA-104 SA (549 210) - DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische), Methode Nr. 6 DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures) - 2013, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 63-2 (2004) - DFG Meth. Nr. 2 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische) - 2013 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 63-2 (2004) 	

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- DFG Meth. Nr. 3 (D) (Lösungsmittelgemische) - 2013 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 63-2 (2004)
BMGV: ---
Other information: ---

Chemical Name	Butan-1-ol	Content %:1-<3
WEL-TWA: ---	WEL-STEL: 50 ppm (154 mg/m ³)	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a n-Butanol (81 01 631) - Compur - KITA-190 U(C) (548 873) - NIOSH 1400 (ALCOHOLS I) - 1994 - NIOSH 1401 (ALCOHOLS II) - 1994 - NIOSH 1405 (ALCOHOLS COMBINED) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701) 	
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sk	

Chemical Name	Chrom(III)-compounds	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 0,5 mg/m ³ (chromium (III) compounds (as Cr)) (WEL), 2 mg/m ³ (Cr(III) comp., inorg., insoluble) (CE)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ISO 15202 (Workplace air - Determination of metals and metalloids in airborne particulate matter by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometry), Part 1-3 - 2012(Part 1), 2012(Part 2), 2004 (Part 3) - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 82-1 (2004) MDHS 91/2 (Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry) - 2015 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 82-3 (2004) NIOSH 7024 (Chromium and compounds as Cr) - 1994 NIOSH 7300 (ELEMENTS by ICP (Nitric/Perchloric Acid Ashing)) - 2003 NIOSH 7301 (Elements by ICP (Aqua regia ashing)) - 2003 NIOSH 7303 (Elements by ICP (Hot block HCl/HNO₃ digestion)) - 2003 OSHA ID-121 (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (Atomic absorption)) - 2002 OSHA ID-125G (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (ICP)) - 2002 	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Ethyl acetate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,24	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,024	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,65	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,15	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,115	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,148	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	650	mg/l	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	200	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,5	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	37	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	367	mg/m ³	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	367	mg/m ³	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	734	mg/m ³	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	734	mg/m ³	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	63	mg/kg	

Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	734	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	734	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1468	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	1468	mg/m3	

Propan-2-ol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	552	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	552	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	28	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2251	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	160	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	319	mg/kg	(1 d)
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	89	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term	DNEL	26	mg/kg	(1 d)
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	888	mg/kg	(1 d)
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	500	mg/m3	

n-butyl acetate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,18	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,018	mg/l	
	Environment - periodic release		PNEC	0,36	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,981	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0981	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0903	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	35,6	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	35,7	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	35,7	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	6	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	2	mg/kg bw/day	

Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	600	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	11	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	11	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	600	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	

Ethanol

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,96	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,79	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	2,75	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	580	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	3,6	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,63	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	0,38	g/kg feed	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	2,9	mg/kg dry weight	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	114	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	87	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	206	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	343	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	1900	mg/m3	

Butan-1-ol

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,082	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0082	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2476	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,178	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0178	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,015	mg/kg	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	2,25	mg/kg	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	55	mg/m ³	
Workers / employees	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,125	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	310	mg/m ³	

(SE) WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage. ** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision. (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Protective gloves made of butyl (EN 374).

Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,5

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

>= 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Black
Odour:	Ester
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	< -3 °C
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	2,1 Vol-% (Ethyl acetate)
Upper explosive limit:	11,5 Vol-% (Ethyl acetate)
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Vapours heavier than air.
Density:	0,88 g/ml
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Electrostatic charge

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Bense & Eicke TIGER Black Leather Dye						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Ethyl acetate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	4934	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>20000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC0	29,3	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:		24	h	Rabbit		Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						lack of appetite, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, cornea opacity, coughing, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, salivation, nausea and vomiting., fatigue
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	900	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.26 (SUB-CHRONIC ORAL TOXICITY TEST REPEATED DOSE 90 - DAY (RODENTS))	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	0,002	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.29 (SUB-CHRONIC INHALATION TOXICITY STUDY 90-DAY REPEATED (RODENTS))	

Propan-2-ol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	4570-5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	13900	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	30	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						STOT SE 3, H336

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Target organ(s): liver
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, fatigue, dizziness, nausea, eyes, reddened, watering eyes
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	900	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	5000	ppm	Rat		Vapours

n-butyl acetate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	10760	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>14112	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	21,1	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEC	9640	mg/m3		OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Negative
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, headaches, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	500	ppm	Rat		

Other information:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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Ethanol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	10470	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	124,7	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:				Human being		No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, vomiting, coughing, headaches, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea

Other information:						Excessive alcohol consumption during pregnancy induces the foetus alcohol syndrome (reduced weight at birth, physical and mental disorders)., There is no sign that this syndrome is also caused by dermal or inhalative absorption., Experiences on persons.
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Butan-1-ol						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2292	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	3430	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	24	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	References, Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, headaches, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOEL	125	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Bense & Eicke TIGER Black Leather Dye

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Ethyl acetate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	32d	>9,65	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	230	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	610	mg/l	Daphnia magna	DIN 38412 T.11	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	2,4	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	165	mg/l			Daphnia cucullata
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	5600	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	DIN 38412 T.9	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	2000	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	>2000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		20d	79	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	72h	30				(Fish)
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		0,68			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).25 °C
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,00012	atm*m3/mol			
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		3				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	2900	mg/l	Escherichia coli		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	15min	5870	mg/l	Photobacterium phosphoreum		

Propan-2-ol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
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Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	1050	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	16d	141	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1400	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	2285	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		21d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			99,9	%		OECD 303 A (Simulation Test - Aerobic Sewage Treatment - Activated Sludge Units)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,05			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Slight
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		1,1				Expert judgement
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>1000	mg/l	activated sludge		
Other information:	ThOD		2,4	g/g			
Other information:	BOD5		53	%			
Other information:	COD		96	%			References
Other information:	COD		2,4	g/g			
Other information:	BOD		1171	mg/g			

n-butyl acetate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.6. Other adverse effects:							Product floats on the water surface.
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	18	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	44	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	23	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	397	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	200	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		1,85-2,3				Low
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10		959	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

Ethanol							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	13000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	120h	250	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 212 (Fish, Short-term Toxicity Test on Embryo and Sac-fry Stages)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	12340	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	10d	9,6	mg/l	Ceriodaphnia spec.		References
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	275	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	97	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,32				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		0,66 - 3,2				
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,000138				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL		280	mg/l	Lemna gibba	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	

Butan-1-ol							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1376	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	4,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1328	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	4787	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	225	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,16				calculated value, Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		3,471				calculated value 20°C
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	17h	2476	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	References

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

08 01 11 waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Implement substance recycling.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Untamminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

Residues may present a risk of explosion.

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number: 1263

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1263 PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3

14.4. Packing group:

II

Classification code:

F1

LQ:

5 L

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

D/E

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3



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 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revision date / version: 30.11.2020 / 0012
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.04.2020 / 0011
 Valid from: 30.11.2020
 PDF print date: 25.01.2021
 Bense & Eicke TIGER Black Leather Dye

14.4. Packing group: II
 EmS: F-E, S-E
 Marine Pollutant: n.a.
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name: Paint
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
 14.4. Packing group: II
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable



14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
 All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
 Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
 Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
 Danger code and packing code on request.
 Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
 Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

n.a.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 1
 Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
 These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
 Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LQ Limited Quantities

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable

n.av. not available

n.c. not checked

n.d.a. no data available

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

org. organic

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ppm parts per million

PVC Polyvinylchloride

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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